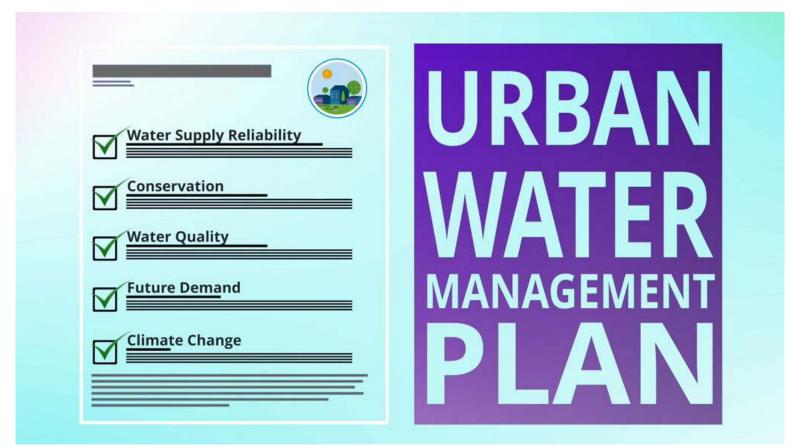


Urban Water Management Plan

Public Workshop March 22, 2021



Video: Intro to the Urban Water Management Plan Update





This public workshop is being recorded and will be posted on the website:

www.yourSCVwater.com

Go to:
Planning Efforts & Projects Dashboard to
Learn More





Agenda

- 1. Welcome
- 2. Presentations and Discussion
 - Water Supply Reliability
 - Reliability Analysis
 - Seismic Risk Analysis and Mitigation Plan
- 3. Wrap Up

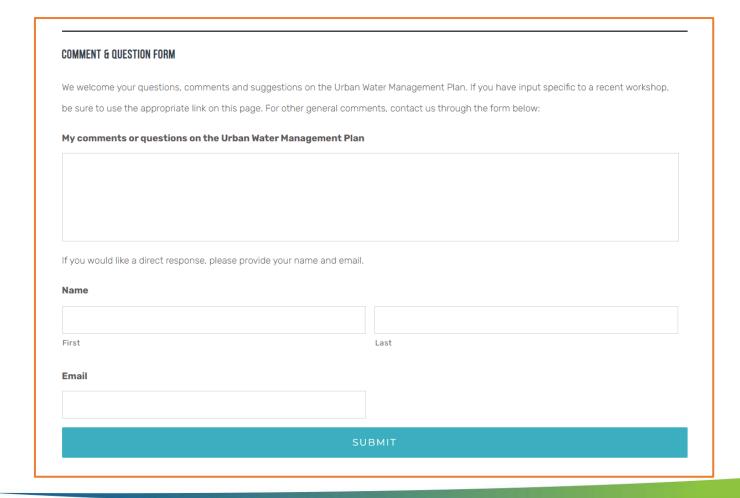






We need your input! www.yourSCVwater.com/uwmp

Comment & Question Form





For Q&A/Discussion

We recommend using the chat for questions and comments.

Use the Raise Hand function if you would like to clarify your question. If on phone, push *9 to raise hand.





Welcome | Introductions



Sarah Fleury
SCV Water



Najwa Pitois Geosyntec



David Cleary Kennedy Jenks



Joan Isaacson Kearns & West

Welcome | Introductions















engineers | scientists | innovators



SCV Water | Who We Are



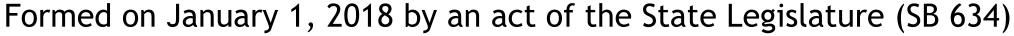


SCV Water | Who We Are



A full-service regional water agency located in the Santa Clarita Valley

- 195 square miles
- 74,000 retail customers
- 273,000 population served



SCV WATER PLANNING EFFORTS & PROJECTS

Water for Today & Tomorrow



Groundwater Sustainability Plan



Urban Water Management Plan



Water Shortage Contingency Plan



Recycled Water Planning



Rate Case Planning

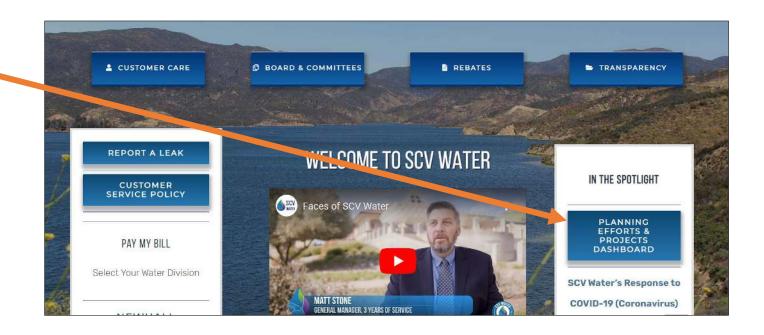


PFAS



To learn more visit: www.yourSCVwater.com/planning





www.yourSCVwater.com



What is an Urban Water Management Plan?

A long-term resource planning document in which urban water suppliers evaluate their supplies and demands to ensure that adequate water supplies are available to meet existing and future water needs, in a sustainable manner



Urban Water Management Plan

TIMELINE & MILESTONES:





Why a 2020 Urban Water Management Plan Update?

- Required by UWMP Act and subsequent legislation
- Required every five years
- Develops a guidance framework to evaluate and enhance the availability, reliability and quality of water supplies
- Identifies gaps between supply and demand through time (20-year analysis required)
- Due to State of California by July 1, 2021



Public Workshop 1 and 2 Recap

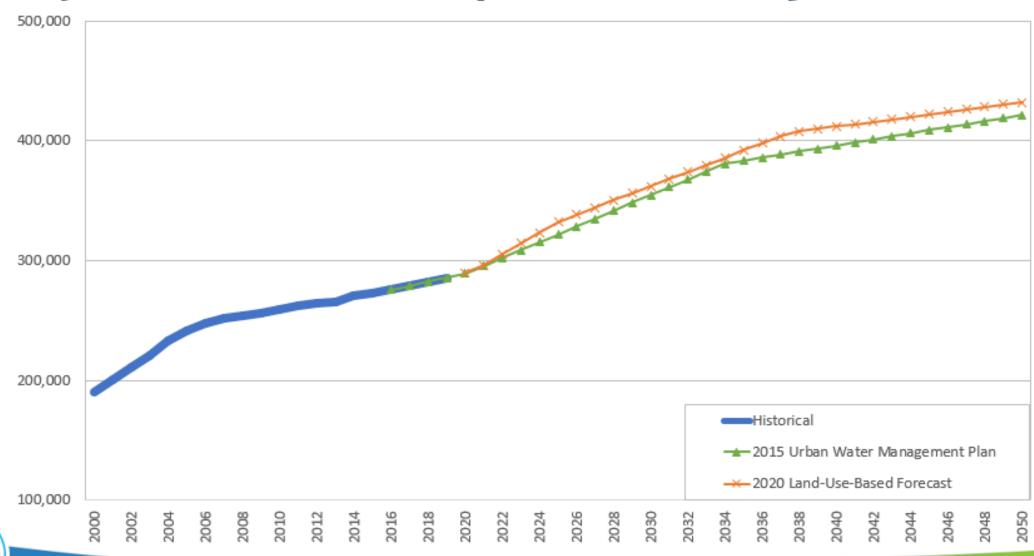
- Dates: November 18, 2020 and February 17, 2021
- Topics:
 - What is an Urban Water Management Plan
 - Water Supply Characteristics
 - Climate Change Considerations
 - UWMP Compliance with Conservation Targets
 - Population and Demand Forecasts
 - Drought Risk Assessment
- Visit: www.yourSCVwater.com/uwmp



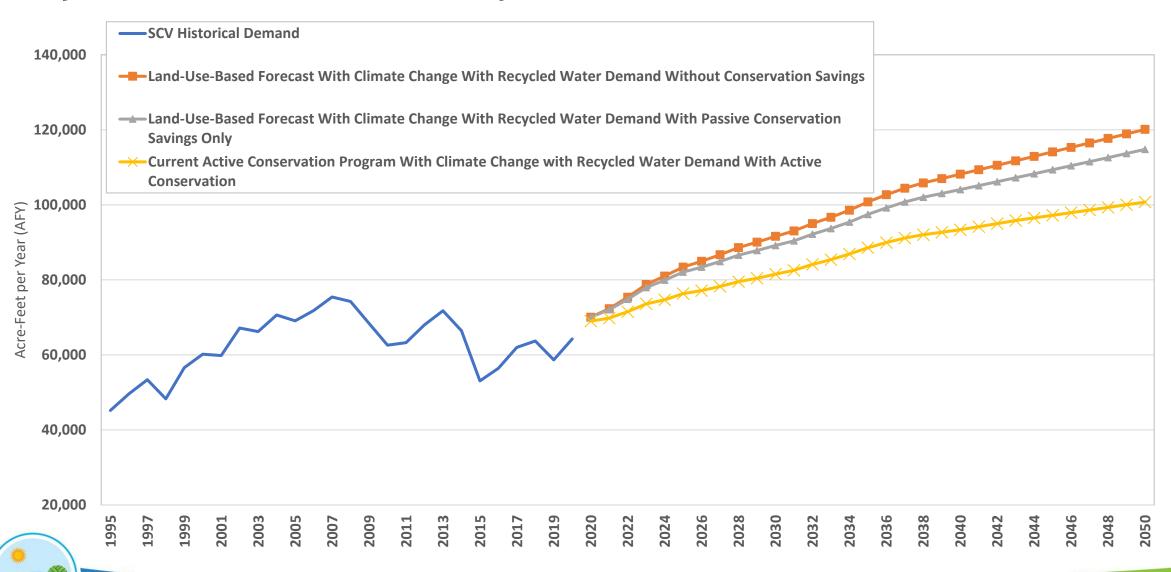


Water Supply Reliability

Valleywide Future Population Projections



Valleywide Potable and Recycled Water Demand Forecast Results



Water Supplies

Existing

- Local
 - Groundwater
 - Recycled Water
- Imported
 - State Water Project
 - 2 Banking Programs
 - BVRRB Firm Water Transfer
 - Water Transfers

Planned

- Restored Alluvial Wells
- Restored Saugus Well
- New Recycled Water
- Newhall Land Agricultural to Municipal Use

Potential Resiliency Programs

- Dry Year Saugus Wells
- Additional Rosedale Recovery
- AVEK Water Bank
- Aquaterra Water Bank
- Sites Reservoir

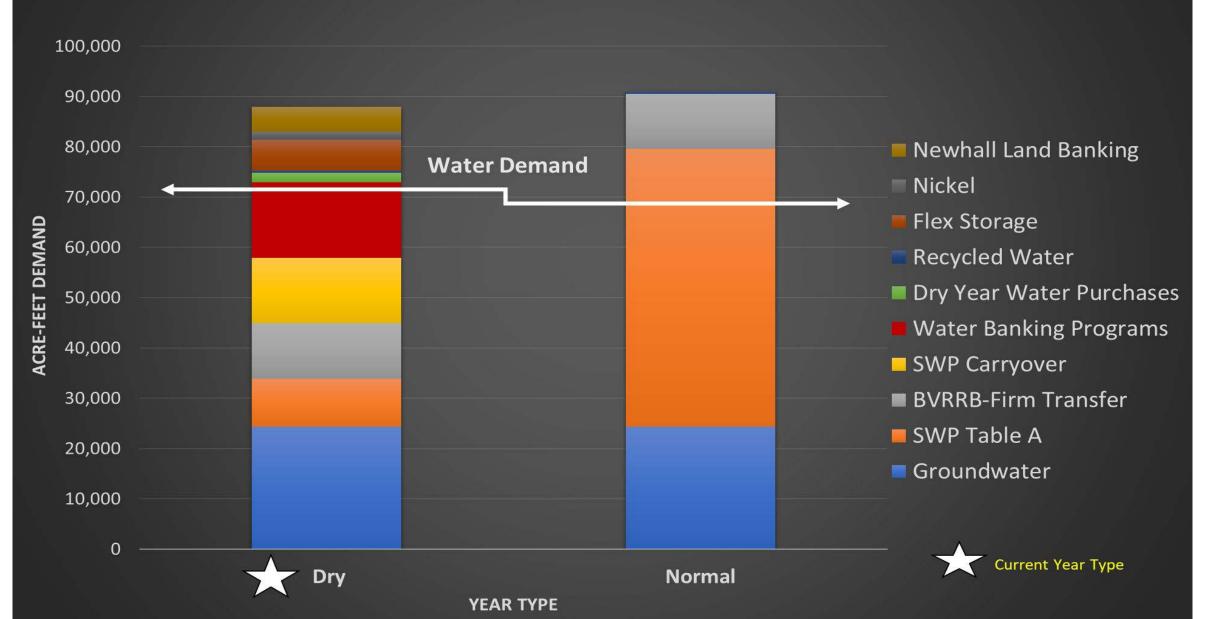


Water Year Types

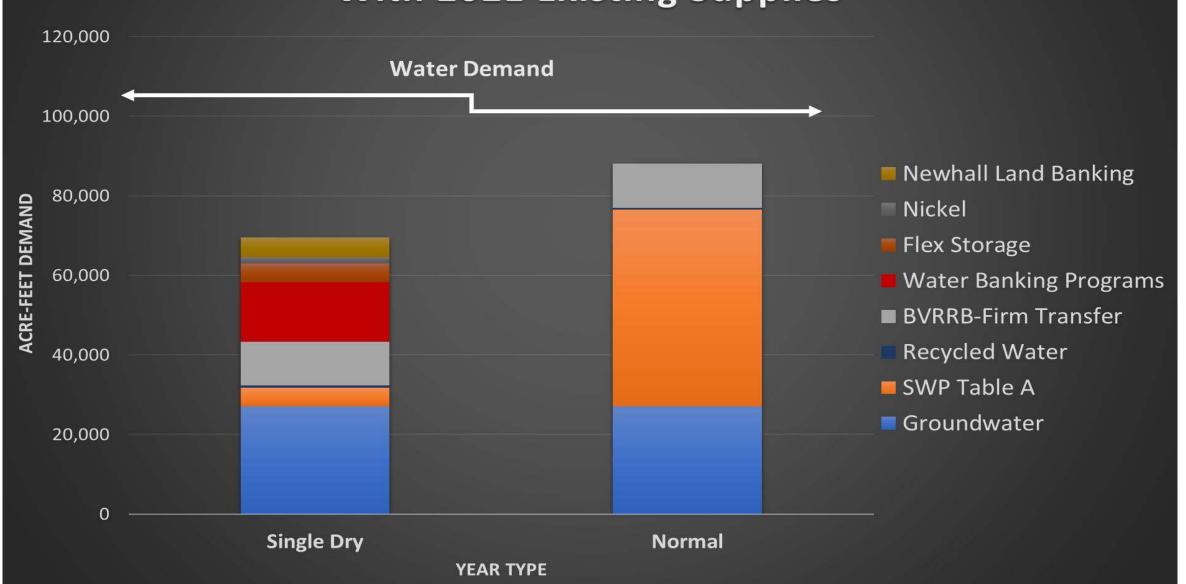
Wet Normal Dry



2021 Operations Water Balance (Dry vs. Normal)



2050 Operations Water Balance (Dry vs. Normal) With 2021 Existing Supplies

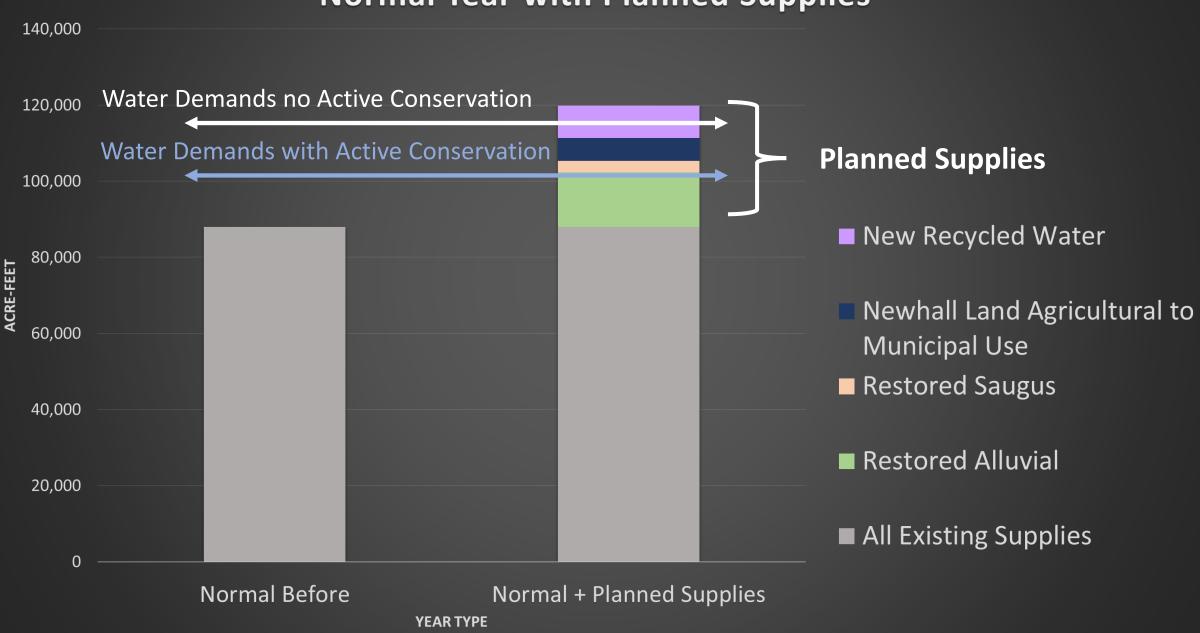


Planned Water Supplies

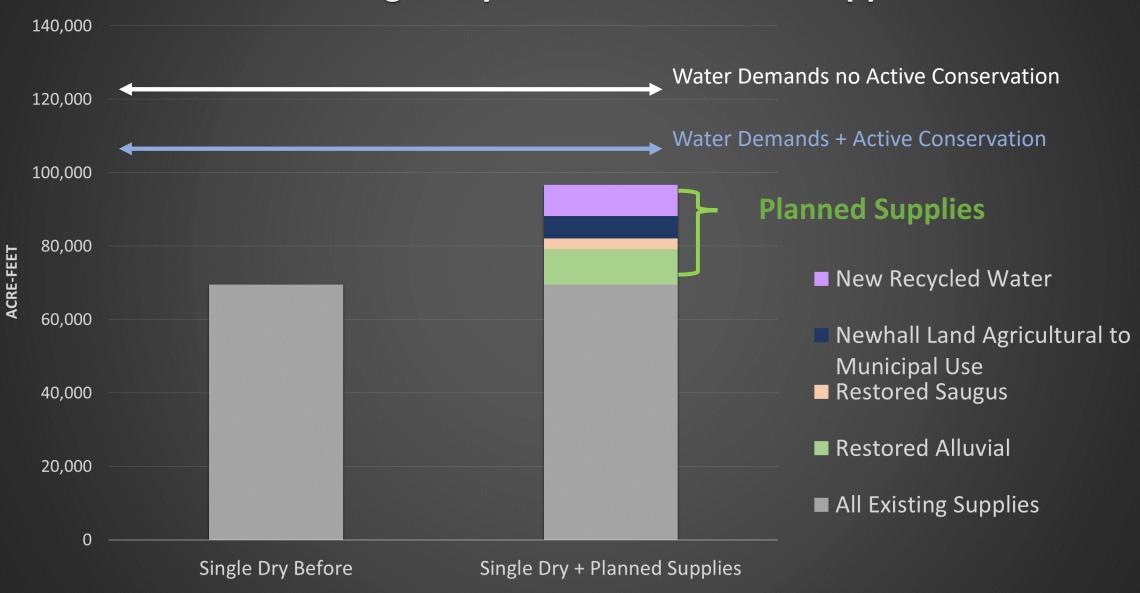
- Local
 - Restored Alluvial Wells
 - Restored Saugus Well
 - Increased Recycled Water
 - Newhall Land Agricultural to Municipal Water Use



Buildout Water Balance (2050) Normal Year with Planned Supplies



Buildout Water Balance (2050) Single Dry Year with Planned Supplies

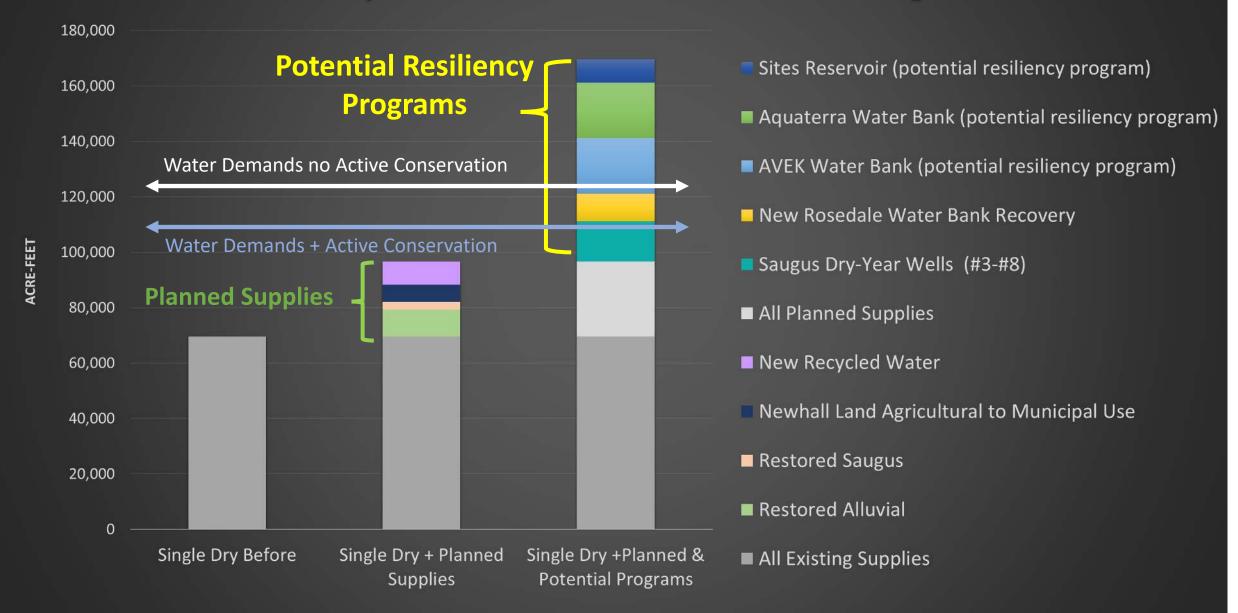


Potential Resiliency Programs

- Local
 - Saugus Dry Year Wells (6 additional wells)
- Imported
 - New Rosedale Water Bank Recovery
 - AVEK Water Bank
 - Aquaterra Water Bank
 - Sites Reservoir Participant



Buildout Water Balance (2050) Dry Year with Planned and Potential Programs



Conclusion

Sufficient water to support buildout demands in normal years

 Active conservation programs have the potential to make a significant impact on our future demands

 Additional resiliency programs are needed to support dry year demands and provide reliability



Questions? Ideas? Feedback?



Reliability Analysis

Reliability Analysis

 Long-term strategy for adapting to uncertainty and changing conditions

Robust portfolio of diverse supplies and measures

 Various scenarios to ensure resilience and reliability under various conditions



Methodology

- The approach used assesses how different supplies are used to meet demand over wet and dry year sequences, instead of looking at a single year in isolation
- The analysis simulates the wet and dry year sequences based on the same 82 years of historic hydrologic record used in CalSim
- These hydrologic sequences are run for the entire study period of 2021-2050



Methodology

- Demands assume active conservation
- Climate change is taken into consideration by using:
 - Projected demands with climate change
 - State Water Project allocations for future conditions
 - **Groundwater** supplies identified in the Groundwater Sustainability Plan that take into account climate change

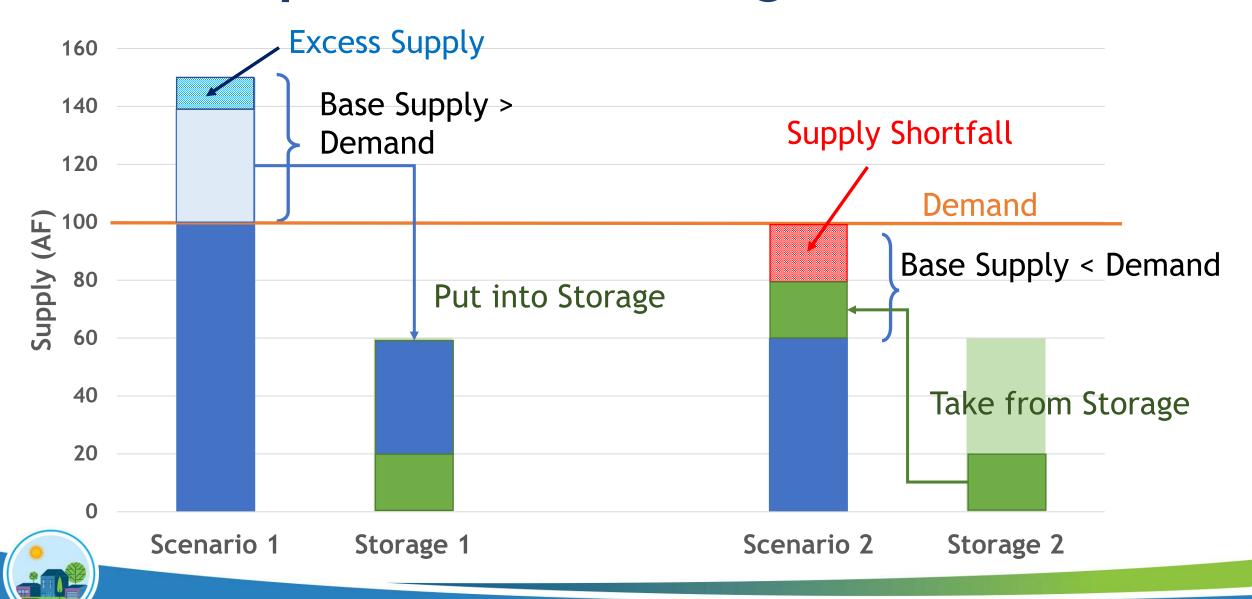


Methodology

- For each hydrologic trace, the model steps through each year of the study period, comparing annual supplies to demands and operating storage and exchange programs as needed
 - In years when supplies are greater than demands, water is added to storage programs
 - In years when supplies are less than demands, water is taken from storage



Water Operations in a Single Year



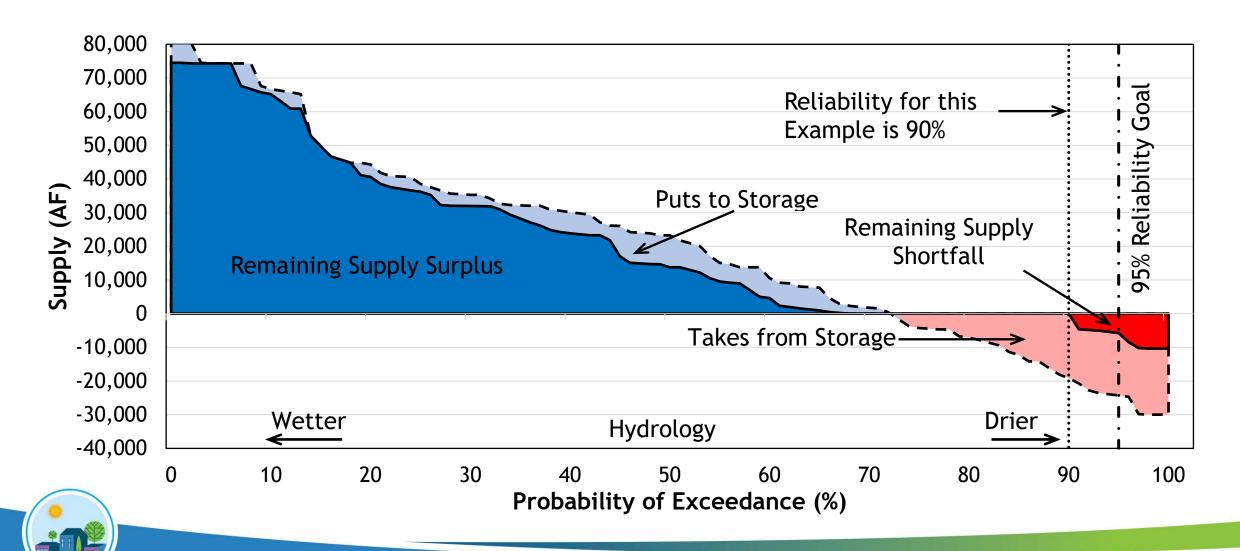
Methodology

 Study period results from the 82 hydrologic traces are summarized to provide a statistical assessment of the reliability of SCV Water's supplies and storage programs

• The analysis determines how different combinations of supplies can meet the **Reliability Goal of 95**%



Example of a Portfolio's Performance



Scenarios

- Scenarios developed to identify alternative pathways to reliability
- The analysis integrates operation of subject programs
- Analysis can identify when projects are needed
- Evaluated how substituting supplies with other programs performs, in case certain supplies don't develop as anticipated in the future



Scenarios Analyzed

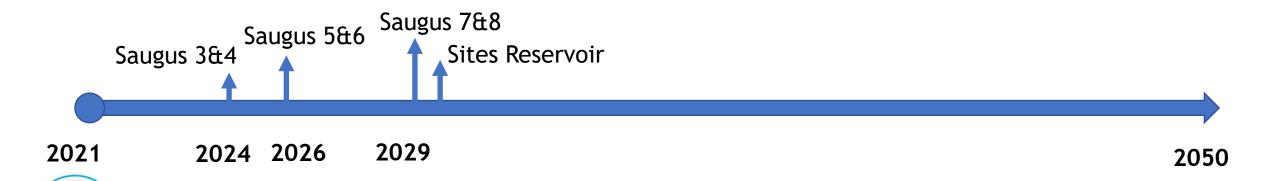
Criteria	Scenario 1 (2015 UWMP)	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4
Updated Demands w/ Conservation				
Existing and Restored Groundwater (Per GSA)				
SWP Table A & Terminal Reservoir and BVRRB				
SCVWA and NLF Semitropic and Rosedale Banks				
Near-term exchanges and purchases				
Saugus Dry-Year Wells (Saugus 3 & 4)				
Saugus Dry-Year Wells (Saugus 5-8)				
Additional Rosedale Recovery Capacity				
Sites Reservoir				
AVEK/AquaTerra Groundwater Bank				



Scenario 1: Invest in Some Resilience/Dry Year Programs (Saugus Wells 3-8 and Increased RRB Take Capacity)



Scenario 2: Invest in Other Resilience/Dry Programs (Saugus Wells 3-8 and Sites Reservoir)



Scenario 3: Examine Portfolio in the Near-Term (Only Saugus Wells 3&4)

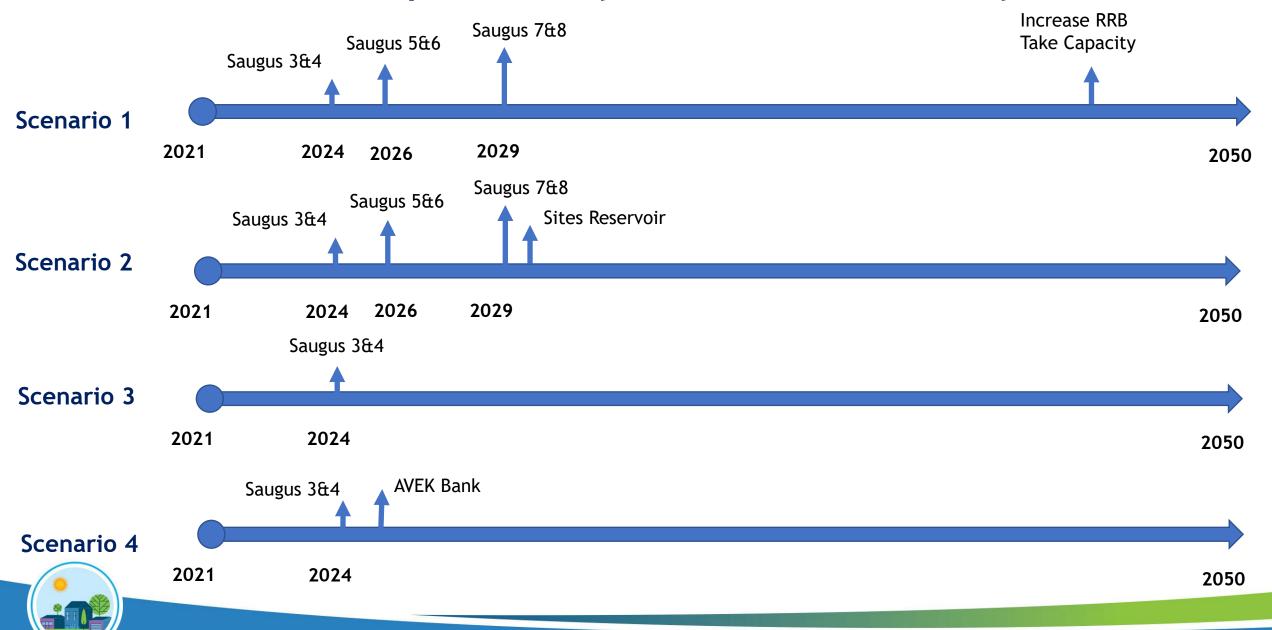


Scenario 4: Invest in Dry Year Program (Only Saugus Wells 3&4 and AVEK Bank)

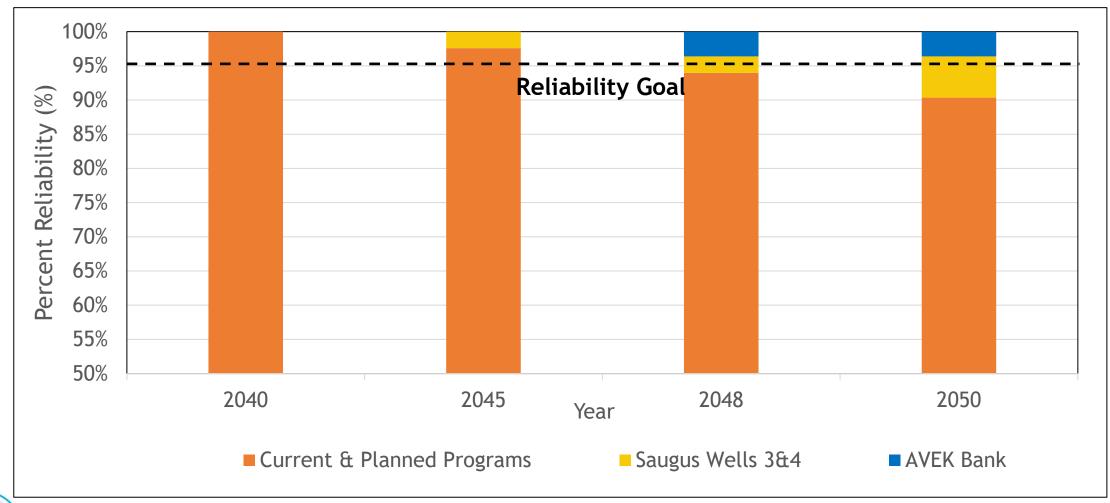




Multiple Pathways To Achieve Reliability

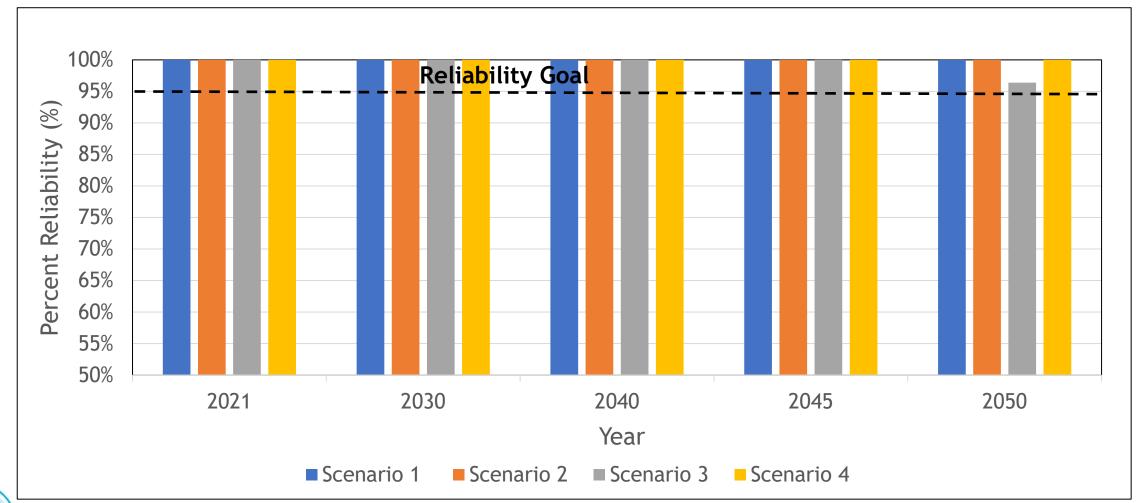


Detailed Reliability of Scenario 4





Final Reliability of All Scenarios Tested





Questions? Ideas? Feedback?



Seismic Risk Assessment and Mitigation Plan

Senate Bill 664

- Requires urban water suppliers to include within its Urban Water Management Plan/Water Shortage Contingency Plan
 - Assess the vulnerability of each of the facilities of the water system
 - Provide mitigation for identified vulnerabilities
 - Update the analysis every 5-years with the UWMP cycle



Purpose





Damage from the 1994 Northridge Earthquake



Approach

- Kennedy Jenks has been performing an initial analysis of the facilities to identify the most vulnerable assets
- Due to the extent of SCV Water's facilities, a detailed analysis
 of all of the facilities is not feasible at this time
- SCV Water will identify the most critical facilities required for operation post earthquake
- SCV Water and Kennedy Jenks will then identify the highest priority facilities for mitigation



- SCV Water has provided Kennedy Jenks with the available construction documents for hundreds of facilities
- These facilities were constructed by four different agencies between 1960 and the present
- Water Storage Reservoirs
 - Most are not anchored to the foundations
 - Most do have sufficient clearance between the roof structure and the water to allow sloshing during and earthquake
- Well Sites
 - Generally resilient to earthquakes
 - Site visits will be needed to identify specify vulnerabilities



- Water Storage Reservoirs
 - Most are not anchored to the foundations
 - Most do have sufficient clearance between the roof structure and the water to allow sloshing during and earthquake





- Well Sites
 - Generally resilient to earthquakes
 - Unreinforced or lightly reinforced masonry walls may fail
 - Unanchored equipment and piping is common at older sites
 - Site visits will be needed to identify specific vulnerabilities





- Booster Pump Station
 - Generally resilient to earthquakes
 - Potential for unanchored equipment and pipe supports
 - Site visits will be needed to identify specific vulnerabilities





Desk Top Study

- Treatment Plants
 - Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant
 - Rio Vista Treatment Plant
 - Repairs and upgrades were constructed following the Northridge Earthquake
 - Generally resilient to earthquakes





Mitigation Planning

- Storage Tanks
 - Reduction of the operation capacity
 - Installing anchors
- Pump Stations and Well Sites
 - Verify walls are adequately reinforced
 - Verify equipment is adequately anchored
 - Upgrade well sites as PFAS treatment systems are installed
- Treatment Plants
 - Highly dependent on the structural systems and equipment type



Questions? Ideas? Feedback?



Wrap Up

Urban Water Management Plan

TIMELINE & MILESTONES:





Participate in the Public Review Period

- Public comment period will begin in April 2021
- Provide comments on any portion of Draft Plan, especially:
 - Feedback on recommendations
- Ways to provide comment during public review:

Online Comment Form

Submit directly on website: yourscvwater.com/uwmp

Email

Sarah Fleury, Project Manager SCV Water

uwmp@scvwa.org

Hard Copy via U.S. Mail

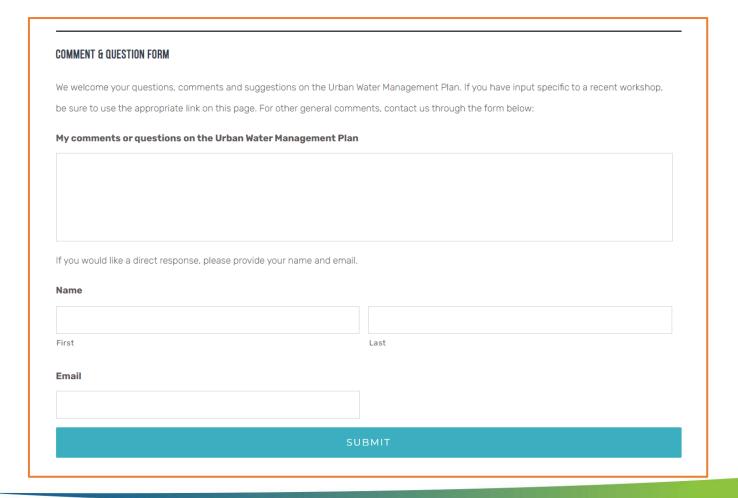
Sarah Fleury, Project Manager 26521 Summit Circle Santa Clarita, CA 91350

Include "Urban Water Management Plan Comment" in the subject line of your email or letter



We need your input! www.yourSCVwater.com/uwmp

Comment & Question Form





Thank You

Online Comment & Question Form
Public Comment and Hearing
Stay Engaged & Share the Information

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